#### SILENT Bell Ringer

- Answer the following question in your folder:
  - What trade route allowed for the exchange of items, culture, and ideas throughout Africa and the mediterranean?
  - Who is thought to possibly have been the richest man in history?
  - What do Ghosts like to do on a Saturday night?

#### Bellwork 10/8

What impacts did Chinggis (Genghis) Khan have on Mongola? What impacts did he have on the rest of the World? Give at least two examples to help explain your answer.







#### Schedule

Objective: I can describe the legacy of the Mongols

- Mongols Notes
- The Mongol Empire



### THE BARRY MONGOLS

- Early mongols consisted of small nomadic tribes who live in portable tents called "yurts"
- They were very aggressive to their enemies
- · Were organized into tribes and clans





### THE RISE OF CENCHIS KHAN

- Born around 1162
- His father was chief of a clan
- He defeats all his rivals and unified all of the Mongols around 1200
- He took on the title Genghis Khan, which means "universal ruler"







- The Mongols used swords, bows, and arrows but they also used cannons
  - New technology
- Very skilled attacking on horseback
- They often faked a retreat to lure enemies into a trap

## WAR STRAILEY & TACTICS

- Genghis Khan had a group of 10,000 young warriors from all tribes who were loyal to him
- He based military positions on merit, not your family
- They showed no mercy to those who opposed, but welcomed all who wanted to join





"The greatest happiness is to vanquish your enemies, to chase them before you, to rob them of their wealth, to see those dear to them bathed in tears, to clasp to your bosom their wives and daughters."

-Genghis Khan



- The Mongols attacked China in 1215 and burned 90 cities to the ground
- Anyone who resisted was destroyed.
  - Men were executed, women were sold as slaves
- Anyone who submitted became a part of the Mongol empire

### THE PAX MONGOLICA

- 100 years of peace
- Mongols policed the roads and made travel safe
  - Silk Road trade increased
- They had harsh punishments for criminals to help to deter crime
- The Mongols unified parts of China, India, Central Asia, Muslim Middle East, & Russia



- The Mongols created a written Mongol language
- They practiced religious toleration
  - This helped spread
    Buddhism, Islam &
    Daoism
- The Mongol Mail system (later copied in US as Pony Express) helped unify Asia



### DECLINE OF THE MONGOL EMPIRE

- The empire divided into khanates
- The new leaders were not very strong
- Resentment against Mongol rule grew in Russia and China
- The empire becomes too big and diverse to manage

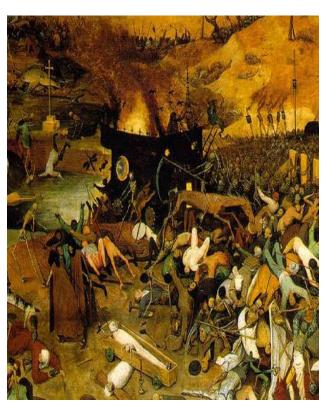
### LICACIES OF THE MONCOL EMPIRE



Kublai Khan (Genghis Khan's Grandson) established the Yuan dynasty in China and welcomed Marco Polo the Venetian explorer.



Gunpowder and cannons were invented in China and used by the Mongols.



The Black Death began in Asia but decimated Europe in 1347 killing 1/3 of the population.

#### Mongols occupied modern day: China, India, Mongolia, Korea, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Iraq, Korea



# Was Genghis Khan a great leader or a murderer?

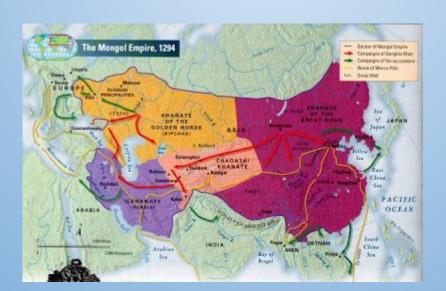
Support your answer with evidence from your notes



#### RISE OF THE MONGOL EMPIRE

- Use your chromebooks and textbook to match the words to their definitions
- Once you have them matched, use the vocab words in the proper blank spaces below
- · Turn in when finished and work on unfinished

work





#### WAIT FOR IT....THE MONGOLS!

