

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Answers

Hour: \_\_\_\_\_

## Semester 1 Final Review Guide

1. Why is the Olmec Civilization important?

Influenced later Mesoamerican civilizations

2. What happened to the Aztecs and the Incas?

Defeated + conquered by the Spanish

3. Describe positive and negative impacts of trade routes.

Spread goods + ideas | Spread Disease

4. Describe the location of Mesoamerican Civilizations.

Center of the Americas, Aztecs = Mexico  
Inca = South America  
Maya = Central America

5. What were some impacts of the Trans-Saharan Trade Route?

Spread Islam, knowledge. Increased wealth

6. Describe the impact of the Silk Road.

Cultural diffusion, spread goods + ideas, crossed deserts + mountains

7. What were the contributions of the Byzantine Empire?

Spread Christianity, kept Greek + Roman learning alive, Justinian's Code

8. When Genghis Khan conquered a territory, what happened to the conquered people?

Allows you to join, only if you join him

9. Describe the geography of Africa.

Varies, many different climates

10. Who was Mansa Musa? Why is he important?

Mali king, made a pilgrimage to Mecca, destabilized economies (gold)

11. Describe the class system of Ancient China.

Most people were lower class peasants

12. Describe the power struggle between King Henry VIII and the Pope.

Wanted to split from the Pope so he could get a divorce

13. List the accomplishments of the Qin Dynasty

Built the wall of China

14. What did the first civilizations have in common (Mesopotamia, Ancient China, Ancient Egypt, Ancient India)?

located in River Valleys

15. Why did European countries begin exploring?

to trade spices


16. Why are the Nile, Tigris, Euphrates, and Yellow Rivers important in ancient history?

All initial River Valley Civilizations are located on Rivers

Describe/define the following terms:

1. Agricultural Revolution	transformation from herding & traveling to civilizations
2. Mesopotamia	first agricultural civilization

3. Mohammed	Founder of Islam
4. The Mandate of Heaven	Authority to rule comes from heaven, justified over throwing a dynasty
5. Monotheism	Belief in one god
6. The Black Death	Spread through the silk road
7. The Silk Road	Trade route from China to Europe
8. Henry VIII	Wanted to split from the pope so he could get a divorce, wanted a male heir, had 6 wives.
9. Jerusalem	Focus of the crusades Holy city of Islam, Christianity, & Judaism
10. The First Crusade	Only successful crusade
11. Charlemagne	Born on Xmas, granted power by the pope supported learning
12. The Printing Press	effect of the Renaissance led to increased learning

<p><b>13. The Renaissance</b> (where did it begin?)</p>	<p>Italy: center of trade, art + learning after fall of Byzantine Empire, scholars fled to Italy</p>
<p><b>14. Triangular Trade Routes</b></p>	<p>Traded manufactured goods from England to Africa, slaves from Africa to colonies, raw goods from colonies to England</p>
<p><b>15. Christopher Columbus</b></p>	<p>Discovered the new world was looking for new trade routes to India (for spices)</p>
<p><b>16. Columbian Exchange</b></p>	<p>Introduced new goods to the New World + old world</p>
<p><b>17. Label the following:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ Ancient China</li> <li>→ Ancient Egypt</li> <li>→ Mesopotamia</li> <li>→ Nile River</li> <li>→ Yellow River</li> <li>→ Euphrates River</li> <li>→ Tigris River</li> </ul>	
<p><b>18. Trace the route of Vasco da Gama</b></p>	